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The State of South Carolina



Office of the Attorney General

T. TRAVIS MEDLOCK ATTORNEY GENERAL REMBERT C. DENNIS BUILDING POST OFFICE BOX 11549 COLUMBIA, S.C. 29211 TELEPHONE: 803-734-3970 FACSIMILE: 803-253-6283

March 14, 1994

Mark R. Elam, Esquire Senior Legal Counsel to the Governor Office of the Governor Post Office Box 11369 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Dear Mr. Elam:

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By your letter of March 11, 1994, you have asked for the opinion of this Office as to the constitutionality of H.4459, R-331, an act relating to The Hampton General Hospital of Hampton County. For the reasons following, it is the opinion of this Office that the Act is of doubtful constitutionality.

In considering the constitutionality of an act of the General Assembly, it is presumed that the act is constitutional in all respects. Moreover, such an act will not be considered void unless its unconstitutionality is clear beyond any reasonable doubt. Thomas v. Macklen, 186 S.C. 290, 195 S.E. 539 (1937); Townsend v. Richland County, 190 S.C. 270, 2 S.E.2d 777 (1939). All doubts of constitutionality are generally resolved in favor of constitutionality. While this Office may comment upon potential constitutional problems, it is solely within the province of the courts of this State to declare an act unconstitutional.

The act bearing ratification number 331 of 1994 amends § 25 of Act No. 445 of 1947, as amended, to increase the number of directors of The Hampton General Hospital from five to nine and to otherwise revise and delete obsolete references in the 1947 act. A review of the 1947 act and R-331 reveals that only Hampton County is subject of these acts. Thus, H.4459, R-331 of 1994 is clearly an act for a specific county. Article VIII, Section 7 of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina provides that "[n]o laws for a specific county shall be enacted." Acts similar to H.4459, R-331 have been struck down by the South Carolina Supreme Court as violative of Article VIII, Section 7. See Cooper

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River Parks and Playground Commission v. City of North Charleston, 273 S.C. 639, 259 S.E.2d 107 (1979); Torgerson v. Craver, 267 S.C. 558, 230 S.E.2d 228 (1976); Knight v. Salisbury, 262 S.C. 565, 206 S.E.2d 875 (1974); Hamm v. Cromer, 305 S.C. 305, 408 S.E.2d 227 (1991); Pickens County v. Pickens County Water and Sewer Authority, Op. No. 23981 filed in the Supreme Court January 10, 1994.

Based on the foregoing, we would advise that H.4459, R-331 would be of doubtful constitutionality. Of course, this Office possesses no authority to declare an act of the General Assembly invalid; only a court would have such authority.

Sincerely,

Patricia D. Petway

Patricia D. Petway Assistant Attorney General

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REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:

Robert D. Cook

Executive Assistant for Opinions