## The State of South Carolina & 1522



## Office of the Attorney Generalorney General

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March 21, 1985ch 21, 1985

Helen T. Zeigler, Special Assistant for Legal Affairs Office of the Governor Post Office Box 11450 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Dear Ms. Zeigler:

By your letter of March 20, 1985, you have asked for the opinion of this Office as to the constitutionality of H.2260, R-46, an act permitting the Slater-Marietta Fire District to employ a chief, to compensate firemen, and to increase the amount which the fire control board of the District is authorized to borrow. For the reasons following, it is the opinion of this Office that the Act is of doubtful constitutionality.

In considering the constitutionality of an act of the General Assembly, it is presumed that the act is constitutional in all respects. Moreover, such an act will not be considered void unless its unconstitutionality is clear beyond any reasonable doubt. <u>Thomas v. Macklen</u>, 186 S.C. 290, 195 S.E. 539 (1937); <u>Townsend v. Richland County</u>, 190 S.C. 270, 2 S.E.2d 777 (1939). All doubts of constitutionality are generally resolved in favor of constitutionality. While this Office may comment upon potential constitutional problems, it is solely within the province of the courts of this State to declare an act unconstitutional.

The Slater-MariettacFire District was created by Actacod by Mo. 1170, 1968 Acts and Joint Resolutions. The districtly of the governed by the fire control board is completely within a fire of the Greenville County. Thus, H.2260, R-46 of 1985 is clearly an interview.

REQUEST LETTER

Ms. Zeigler Page Two March 21, 1985ch 21, 1985

act for a specific countyifi Articley VILA; tSection 7, of them 7 of th Constitution of the State of South Carolinat provides that vides that "[n]o laws 'for] a specific county shall be enacted. Be Acts ed." Acts similar to Hi.2260; R-46 have been struck down by the South the Sout Carolina Supreme Court as violatives of Article VILA; Section I, Sect 7. See Cooper River Parks and Playground Commission V. Cityion v. C of North Charleston, 273 ScCin 639, 3259 S.E.2d 107 (1979); 107 (1979); Torgerson v. Craver, 267 S.C. 558, 230 S.E.2d 228 (1976); 238 (1976); Knight v. Salisbury, 262 S.C. 565, 206 S.E.2d 875 (1974).

Based on the foregoing, we would advise that H.2260, R-46 would be of doubtful constitutionality. Of course, this Office possesses no authority to declare, an act of the General Assembly invalid; only a court would have such authority.

Sincerely,

Patricia D. Petway

Patricia D. Petway Assistant Attorney General

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REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:

Robert D. Cook Executive Assistant for Opinions